

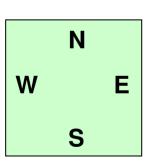


U3A Intermediate Bridge

While waiting for 2pm

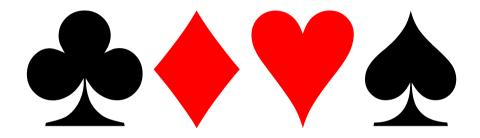
You are West. What do you bid and why?

```
A 7 6 4✓ KA K 3A 8 7 6 5
```



U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15

Week 10 More Losing Trick Count



Steve Bailey



U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 ... of the week

Procedure of the week:

Do not return your bidding cards to the bidding box until after the opening lead has been turned the right way up.

Hint of the week:

If you don't write the contract down on a record card, raise the relevant bidding card at an angle out of the box after you return the cards to the box.

♣♦**∀**♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

From last time – This page is what you want to learn and use.

Only apply the Losing Trick Count in a suit contract after a FIT.

Less useful with a balanced hand

In each suit, work out how many of the top three tricks you will fail to win - missing from "ACE, KING, QUEEN".

Add the four suits together.

• L0 gets 0LT Nothing to lose.

• L1 gets a maximum of 1LT Do you have the "Ace"?

• L2 gets a maximum of 2LT Do you have "Ace" and / or "King"?

Opener at 1-level is assumed to have 7LT.

Responder is assumed to have 9LT at the 1-level, 8LT at the 2-level.

Subtract total for partnership from 18 for a recommendation.

♣♦♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

There are refinements to the system. You can use them if you are completely happy with the basic system.



Queens

A432 2LT (KQ)

Q432 2LT (AK)

Both are 2LT, but they are obviously of different strengths.

♣♦♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

Queens

```
A432 2LT (KQ)
```

Q432 2LT (AK)

Both are 2LT, but they are obviously of different strengths.

So instead rate an unsupported Q as $\frac{1}{2}$ loser in an L3+ suit. Support is one of the other picture cards (A K J).

```
AJ432 2LT (KQ)
```

Q432 21/2LT (AKq)

AQ32 1LT (K)

QJ3 2LT (AK)

QT3 2½LT (AKq)

♣♦♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

How many losers here?

- ♠ Q 5 4 3
- **Y**QJ32
- ♦ A 8 7
- **♣** Q 2

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

How many losers here?

```
♠ Q 5 4 3 2½ (A, K, L3+ suit unsupported Q)
```

♥ Q J 3 2 2 (A, K) L3+ suit supported Q

◆ A 8 7 2 (K, Q)

♣ Q 2 2 (A, K)

Total 81/2

♣♦♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

Refinements: We have just seen

• Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser



Refinements:

Unsupported Queen

Hands without Aces

Add ½ loser

Add ½ loser



Refinements:

Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces
 Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces or Kings
 Add 1 loser



Refinements:

• Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces
 Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces or Kings
 Add 1 loser

• Hands with 3 or 4 Aces Remove ½ loser



Refinements:

Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces
 Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces or Kings
 Add 1 loser

• Hands with 3 or 4 Aces Remove ½ loser

Unsupported Q in a suit partner bid Remove ½ loser



Refinements:

Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces
 Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces or Kings
 Add 1 loser

• Hands with 3 or 4 Aces Remove ½ loser

Unsupported Q in a suit partner bid Remove ½ loser

There are more refinements, but this will do!

Remember Js, 10s and 9s make a hand more valuable.

To remember the refinements think "A,K,Q".



Assumptions about partner's hand

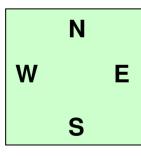
Type	Point range	Assumed
Opener (1-level)	12+	7LT
Responder (1-level) Responder (2-level)	6+ 9+	9LT 8LT
Overcall	8+	8LT
Opener (strong 2-level)	20+	4LT
Take-out double	12+	7LT





A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable.

- ★ A K 6 5 2♥ K 8 6 5♦ 9 6
- ♣ A 5
- **♦** J 9 8 7
- **Y** -
- ♦ KQ5432
- ♣ J 8 3



♠ Q 10 3♥ Q 10 7♠ A J 10 7♠ 10 4 2

- **4**
- ♥ A J 9 4 3 2
- **8**
- **♣** K Q 9 7 6

I'll give you a couple of minutes to go through the bidding for this in your heads.

Then we'll have a straw poll of the final contracts and then go through the reference bidding.

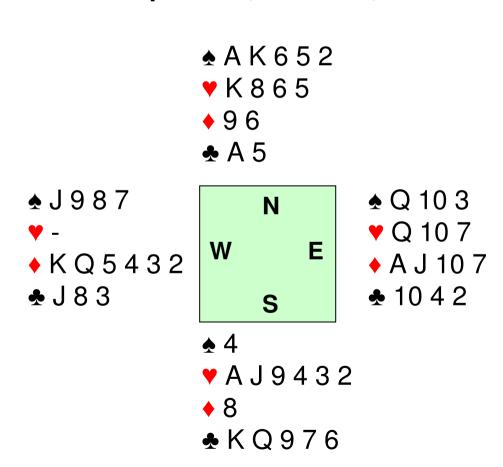
N is dealer.

Both are vulnerable.





A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable.



```
N E S W
1S<sup>1</sup> P<sup>2</sup> 2H<sup>3</sup> P<sup>4</sup>
?
```

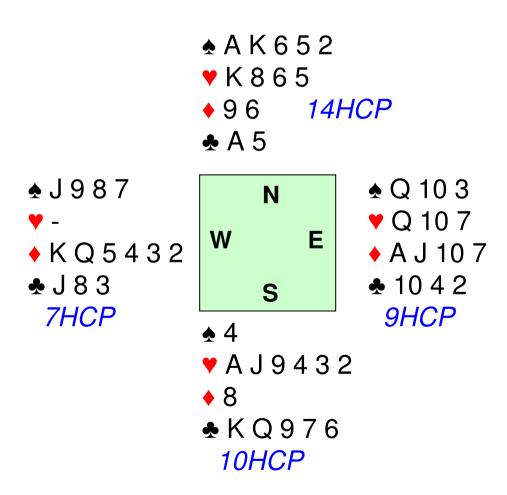
- 1) 14HCP, 5422
- 2) 9HCP, no L5suit
- 3) 10HCP, 6511
- 4) 7HCP, 6430. Too weak to overcall at 3 level or to double for takeout.

What is N's next bid – and why?





A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable.



5) **FIT.** S has shown 9+HCP. Could be as few as 23HCP. Normal methods would probably bid 3H, though if you add in 1Pt for the L5♠ and for the two L2 suits, there is enough for 4H.

LTC says:6LT (one better) + presumed 8LT = 14LT. 18 – 14 = 4. Bid 4H game.

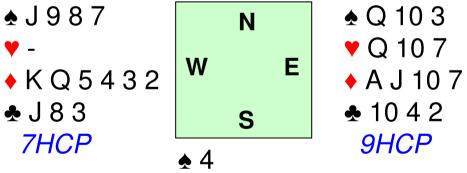
What next?





A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable.





W E	
S	
♠ 4	
♥ A J 9 4 3	2
8	
♣ K Q 9 7 6)
10HCP	

S has only 5LT, not presumed 8LT, "three better".

Is it sensible to bid it directly? (Hint – no!)
What to do?





A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable.

♠ A K 6	5 2
♥ K 8 6	5
♦ 9 6	14HCP
♣ A 5	

8

♣ KQ976

10HCP

N	Ε	S	W
1S	Р	2H	Р
4H	Р	$4NT^6$	Р
5H ⁷	Р	6H ⁸	Р
Р	Р		

- ▲ J 9 8 7▼ -◆ K Q 5 4 3 2▲ J 8 37HCP
- 6) S can't Cue bid here, he has no non-trump aces. But he can use Blackwood to ask for aces.
- 7) "I have two aces".
- 8) Only missing 1 ace. Bid the small slam.
- 9) EW don't want to double here.

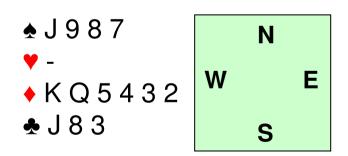




A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable. 6♥ by S

N	Ε	S	W
1S	Р	2H	Р
4H	Р	4NT	Р
5H	Р	6H	end

W's opening lead?

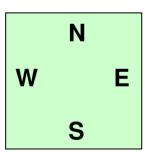






A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable. 6♥ by S

- **A** K 6 5 2
- **Y** K 8 6 5
- **9** 6
- ♣ A 5



- **4**
- **♥** A J 9 4 3 2
- **♦**8
- **♣**KQ976

W's opening lead ◆K.

Top of honour sequence of 2.

South makes a plan.

He observes NS have 10 trumps. There are 3 out.

♥ Q 10 7

He counts losers in his hand.

He has two losers:

- ♥J to the queen if the trumps split 3-0.
- **8**

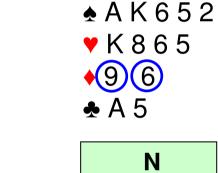
He is going to lose the first ◆8 trick. What can he do about ♥J?

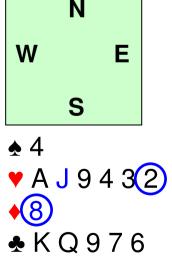






A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable. 6♥ by S



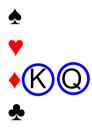


If the Q is with E, a finesse of the ♥J will work. Preserve ♥A to allow this.

Trick1: ♦K, ♦6, ♦7, ♦8.
E plays ♦7, which W sees as a low card. As EW are playing reverse attitude, this is saying "I have third round control – I have the Ace".

W work out 7 is low from his
♦ K Q 5 4 3 2.

Trick 2: W follows with ◆Q which S trumps (low). ◆Q, ◆9, ◆10, ♥2.

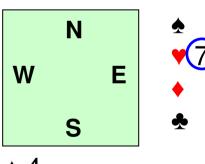






A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable. 6♥ by S







+ -★ K Q 9 7 6

To allow the ♥J finesse, S leads a low trump to N's ♥K at trick 3. Hopefully drawing 2 trumps, but in this case only one and seeing W is void.

Therefore the finesse is needed and is guaranteed to work.

So at trick 4 N leads a low heart, drawing the ♥10, to S's ♥J.

And with Trick 5 leads ♥A drawing the final trump, ♥Q.







A sample deal, Dealer N, both vulnerable. 6♥ by S

♠ A K 6 5 2
♥ 8
♦ ♠ A 5
N
♥ Q 10 3
♥ ♦ 5
♠ J 8 3
♥ B
♠ A J
♠ A J
♠ A J
♠ 10 4 2
♠ 4
♥ 9 4

♦ KQ976

And now S makes the remaining 8 tricks with: • A K ♥ 9 8 4 • A K Q Dummy's ♥8 being used to (unnecessarily) trump a fourth ♣. 6♥✓ 6*30 = 180(vulnerable) 500 game slam 750 (small slam) SCORE1430

♣♥♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 More Losing Trick Count

Apply the Losing Trick Count in a suit contract after a FIT.

In each suit, work out how many of the top three tricks you will fail to win - missing from "ACE, KING, QUEEN". Add the four suits together.

Unsupported Queen Add ½ loser
 Hands without Aces Add ½ loser

Hands without Aces or Kings
 Add 1 loser

• Hands with 3 or 4 Aces Remove ½ loser

• Unsupported Q in a suit partner bid Remove ½ loser

Opener (1-level) 12+HCP 7LT Responder (1-level) 6+HCP 9LT Responder (2-level) 8LT 9+HCP 8+HCP Overcall 8LT Opener (strong 2-level) 4LT 20+HCP Take-out double 12+HCP 7LT

Subtract total for partnership from 18 for a recommendation.



U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Play

Play

Divide yourselves into pairs and then into tables.

This week I do not plan to ask you to move, in future weeks we shall.

NS have the pair number of their table.

EW have the pair number of their table plus 6.

When you have played a hand, pass it to the next numbered table in sequence. The highest numbered table passes to table 1.

And one last thing – **as part of the learning process** – I would like the partner of whoever has just bid to take whatever action is **standardly required** (announcing 1NT to be 12-14 points, ALERTing a conventional bid, ...) – **AND ALSO** to give a brief **description** to the other three players on what the bid means.

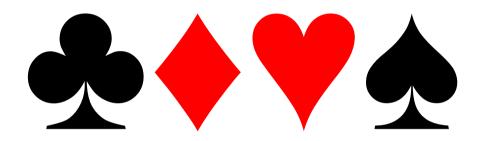
Any questions?

Tea & coffee.

PLAY

♣♥♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 ** Week 10 More Losing Trick Count



The end

(Set hand references follow.)

♣♦♥♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 *** Week 10 Set Hands

A discussion of each set hand. To see the content of each LTC hand, you will need to read the book.

Blue = Book result

Red = Group result from travellers.

A lower case n e s w suffix is used to denote declarer.

Scores are all given from NS perspective.

+ve is better for NS, –ve for EW.

Hand sources:

SLM = A Robson: Slam

BHE = B Magee: Better Hand Evaluation (2 hands) + adjusted deal

Each hand may be rotated with respect to the books. The hand positions can be determined by locating the A♠ or similar.

♣♥♦

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 *** Week 10 Set Hands

```
# DIr Vul Source DIr = Dealer, Vul = Vulnerability.

1 N None SLM#7

SS=n 5S=s 4S-1n

+450 +450 -50

NS top NS top NS bottom
```

♣♦**∀**♠

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Set Hands

N: A♠ etc, see BHE

E: S T9 H AT95 D KJ C J8752

S: A♠ etc, see BHE

W: S 83 H AT63 C AQT9

3S-2s is an overbid by one trick (should be 2S-1) and an underplay (should be 2S=).

The 3C+1e is an excellent play by EW, who observed W could takeout double S's 1S. It would have been an EW top except for the very bad 3S-2s result.

♣♥**♦**

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Set Hands

```
# Dir Vul Source Dir = Dealer, Vul = Vulnerability.

3 S E/W BHEpg62P6 2H+1s 2H=s 2H=s
See below +140 +110 +110
top bottom bottom

E⇔W

N: S QT7 H KJT3 D Q75 C 974
S: S J H Q9542 D K96 C KQT3
An instruction had been attached to this deal:

"Read after bidding"

"If NS are not in a Heart contract, rebid the deal."
```

This board is identical to board 6 except for who is dealer. It has a completely different outcome.

♣♥**♦**

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Set Hands

```
# DIr Vul Source DIr = Dealer, Vul = Vulnerability.

4 W All SLM#17 6H=e 6H-1e 4H+1e

A♠=E -1430 +100 -650

N⇔S EW top NS top poor
```

The "correct" opening lead of 3♠ allows 6H=.

The "wrong" opening lead of A♦ manages 6H-1, so not an ideal example hand.



U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 *** Week 10 Set Hands

Board 5 omitted.

♣♥♦

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Set Hands

```
# Dlr Vul Source Dlr = Dealer, Vul = Vulnerability.
6 S E/W BHEpg62P6 3S=e 2S+2e 3S=e
See below -140 -170 -140
EW par EW top EW par
E⇔W
```

N: S QT7 H KJT3 D Q75 C 974 S: S J H Q9542 D K96 C KQT3

An instruction had been attached to this deal:

"Read after bidding"

"If NS are not in a Spade contract, rebid the deal."

This board is identical to board 3 except for who is dealer. It has a completely different outcome.

♣♥♦

U3A Intermediate Bridge 2014-15 Week 10 Set Hands

```
# Dir Vul Source Dir = Dealer, Vul = Vulnerability.

7 S All SLM#17
A♠=S
+1430 +650
NS top NS bottom
```